

This manual contains important warnings and information. READ AND KEEP FOR REFERENCE.

LIQUIDYNAMICS

Medium Viscosity Bulk Transfer Cart / Filter Cart

Instruction & Parts Manual

This Manual Covers P/N 33276 and 33276-P



LIQUIDYNAMICS™
VALUE WORLDWIDE

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WARNING

This symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

READ THIS MANUAL CAREFULLY BEFORE OPERATING OR SERVICING THIS EQUIPMENT.

It is the responsibility of the employer to place this information in the hands of the operator. Keep for future reference.



WARNING

DO NOT USE THIS CART SYSTEM TO PUMP FLAMMABLE, EXPLOSIVE OR CORROSIVE PRODUCTS SUCH AS GASOLINE, DIESEL FUEL, METHANOL, OR CHEMICALS.



WARNING

Before each use, inspect the power cord to ensure it is not cut, nicked, has any exposed wires and ground lug on plug is intact and functional.

UNCRATING & ASSEMBLY:

1. When removing carton exercise caution not to cut hose or power cord that may have shifted during transport.
2. Remove straps securing pump assembly from shipping pallet.
3. Inspect for damage. If damage is found please report damage to freight carrier.

Part Number # _____

Voltage: _____

Motor Serial # _____

Tested by: _____

Gearbox Serial # _____

Date: _____

Pump Serial # _____

All pumps have been assembled and tested at the



CAUTION

This symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in injury or damage to equipment.

factory and are ready for use. In cases where hoses are not provided, a few general guidelines should be followed.

Suction Hose:

- Use non-collapsible hose rated for 25" Hg Vacuum.
- Should be the same size as pump inlet or larger
- Short as practical, no greater than 15' in length.
- If handling heavy lubes or operating in colder temperatures, consider using next larger hose diameter.

Discharge Hose:

- Should be the same size as pump discharge or larger.
- Short as practical. Maximum hose length will vary according to viscosity of product handled. Consult factory.

INTRODUCTION

Medium Viscosity 3-20 GPM bronze transfer pump and filtration systems are designed for the bulk transfer of light oils, Hydraulic Fluid, Transmission Fluid and mid weight fluids using either 115 VAC or 208-230VAC. All pumps systems are tested and shipped to operate with 115 VAC unless otherwise specified.

20 GPM bronze transfer pumps are positive displacement spur gear design, which are exceptionally well suited for handling refined oils and temperatures to 400F. Pump and motor connections are achieved using a rigid double NEMA C face connection protecting a rubber pillow block style coupling connection from misalignment due to rough handling.

Pumps can be operated in a vertical or horizontal orientation. All pumps include an external bypass valve set at the factory for optimum performance.

TECHNICAL DATA

Motor RPM	300-1750 RPM
Motor HP	2 HP
Motor Voltage	115/230 VAC
Flow Rate @ 1750 RPM	20 GPM
Pump Bypass pressure (external)	50 PSI
Pump Inlet	1" NPTF
Inlet Strainer	30 Mesh
Suction Hose Length	1" x 10'
Pump Discharge	1" NPTF
Discharge Hose Length	1" x 20'
Shipping Weight	111 lbs.
Plumbing Material	Schedule 40 black pipe



WARNING

Before each use, inspect the power cord to ensure it is not cut, nicked, has any exposed wires and ground lug on plug is intact and functional.

TRANSFER OPERATION WITHOUT FILTERING

1. Ensure power switch located on motor is in the off position.
2. Insert power cord plug into 110VAC receptacle.
3. Insert suction stub into container to be emptied.
4. Close filter discharge valve (located above filter).
5. Connect discharge hose to transfer discharge connection and open transfer valve (located under filter).
6. Place nozzle into container to be filled (Ensure nozzle is not inadvertently open).
7. On PowerMaster select load setting 20 or 15 Amp and set % Speed to 100%.
8. Set the Start/Stop Switch to the "Start" position.
9. Open discharge nozzle, allow air to escape and pump to prime.
10. Once flow is established, adjust % Speed to the desired flow rate, monitor transfer process to prevent over filling container.
11. Close nozzle once desired amount is dispensed.
12. Turn power switch to the off position.

FILTERING OPERATION

1. Ensure power switch located on motor is in the off position.
2. Insert power cord plug into 110VAC receptacle.
3. Insert suction stub into container to be emptied.
4. Close transfer valve (located under filter)
5. Connect discharge hose to filter discharge connection and open filter discharge valve (located above filter).
6. Place nozzle into container to be filled (Ensure nozzle is not inadvertently open).
7. On PowerMaster select load setting 20 or 15 Amp

and set % Speed to 100%.

8. Set the Start/Stop Switch to the "Start" position.
9. Open discharge nozzle, allow air to escape and pump to prime.
10. Once flow is established, adjust % Speed to the desired flow rate, monitor transfer process to prevent over filling container.
11. Close nozzle once desired amount is dispensed.
12. Turn power switch to the off position.

If transfer is complete it is considered a good practice to disconnect the hose from the suction stub. While pump is running, holding suction hose up allowing product to gravity flow to pump. Open discharge nozzle to allow majority of product to be purged from the system. This practice reduces the amount of cross contamination when handling different grades of product.

13. Stow discharge nozzle & suction stub.

Note: When operating at the upper end of the viscosity range or colder temperatures, it may be necessary to "walk-the-hose" (Disconnecting suction hose from the suction stub while pump is running, allowing oil to purge from hose and pump cavity). This procedure will protect the motor from attempting to start under an excessive load. Failing to adhere to this procedure will cause motor to overheat, trip the circuit breaker and adversely shorten the useful life of the motor.



CAUTION

Dry running leads to immediate damage to pump components. Due to tight running clearances, liquids containing solids and abrasives will accelerate pump wear.

POWERMASTER OPERATION

The useable current available from an electrical outlet is dictated by age of the circuit breaker and other equipment that may be sharing the same circuit. The PowerMaster is designed to sense available current and automatically reduce motor load by decreasing flow rate to prevent overloading. Additionally, on the enclosure cover of the PowerMaster is a 15/20 Amp switch allows the operator to select the desired load range.

It is reasonable, when initially connecting to an unfamiliar electrical outlet to attempt using the 20 Amp setting in order to obtain maximum performance. Because the PowerMaster provides a soft motor start, therefore reducing the current spike during start up. It is possible to run in the 20 Amp mode when on a 15 Amp circuit without overload. However, if the circuit is known to be a 15 Amp circuit with additional equipment running on it the PowerMaster will be more sensitive to current fluctuations while in the 15 Amp setting.

It has been established in ISO filter testing, that passing product through a filter slowly extends filter

life and optimizes the ability of a filter to remove particulates. Incorporated into the PowerMaster is a "% Speed" Potentiometer allowing an operator to manually adjust flow rate to best filtration specifications depending on fluid viscosity, required ISO cleanliness targets and quantity of fluid to be filtered.

The operation of a pumping system that has the "PowerMaster" option is essentially the same except an operator selects:

- A. Either 15 or 20 Amp load setting.
- B. The flow rate using the "% Speed" Potentiometer.

The PowerMaster contains two diagnostic LEDs mounted on the enclosure cover displaying the operational status.

POWER ON LED "Power" will illuminate green when AC power is applied.

! WARNING

Do not depend on the Power LED as a guaranteed power off condition. Be sure the power cord is unplugged before servicing this device.

STATUS LED "Status" LED is a tricolor LED which provides indication of a fault or abnormal condition. The information provided can be used to diagnose overload condition and provides an indication which informs the operator that the PowerMaster operating parameters are normal Table below summarizes the Status functions.

POWERMASTER OPERATING CONDITION AND STATUS LIGHT INDICATOR

PowerMaster Operating Condition	Flash Rate (1) and LED Color
Normal Operation	Slow Flash Green
Overload (120% - 160% Full Load)	Steady Red (2)
Power Master Timed Out	Quick Flash Red (2)
Under Voltage	Quick Flash Red / Yellow (3)
Over Voltage	Slow Flash Red / Yellow (3)
Stop	Steady Yellow

Notes: (1) Slow Flash = 1 second on and 1 second off. (2) When the overload is removed, before times out and trips the drive, the Status LED will flash green. (3) When the under voltage or over voltage condition is corrected, Status LED will flash Red / Yellow / Green.

START-UP PROCEDURE.

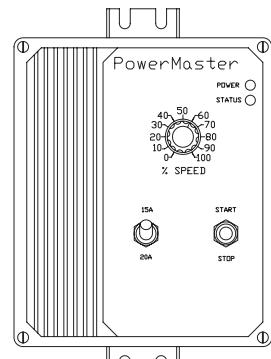
If AC power is applied the "Power" LED will illuminate green. The "Status LED will indicated PowerMaster Status, as described in Table above.

To start the PowerMaster, momentarily set the Start/Stop Switch to the "Start" position. (Fig.1) The motor will begin to accelerate to speed set on %Speed Potentiometer located on the front cover.

STARTING THE POWERMASTER AFTER A FAULT HAS BEEN CLEARED –

The PowerMaster monitors four faults (Undervoltage, Overvoltage, Short Circuit and Overload) See Table for the Status LED indication.

To start the drive after a fault has been cleared, momentarily set the Start/Stop Switch to the "Stop" position.



(Fig. 1)

ON/OFF SWITCH

A heavy duty rotary on/off switch is located on the motor electrical box. It is positioned for maximum protection from accidental breakage.

The switch is activated by lightly rotating the knob 25 degrees right or left. "0" (the 12:00 O'clock position) is "OFF" and "1" (the 2:00 O'clock position) is "ON".

MAINTENANCE

Frequency

Since usage varies for different users, the frequency and extent of pump maintenance is best established based upon past performance. Keeping detailed maintenance records of past performance aids in determining future preventive maintenance intervals. During routine operating inspections, pay particular attention to seal, bypass, bearing areas of the pump and abnormal vibration or noise.

! WARNING

Before attempting to service the pump disconnect motor power and release all pressure within the system. Wear appropriate personal protection equipment and handle equipment with care.

Inspect for Wear

PUMP

If the gear pump exhibits reduced flow, an inability to maintain pressure, is noisy or performs otherwise abnormally; refer to the Troubleshooting Matrix.

If the problem persists, the pump should be inspected for wear or damage. Pump internals may be readily inspected in the field usually without removal from the drive or system plumbing. Simply remove the cover screws to pull the cover. Full pump removal and complete disassembly may be needed for a comprehensive inspection. Contact the factory.

BYPASS

The external bypass valve is factory set and should not require any maintenance or adjustment.

COUPLING

Visually inspect the rubber coupling spider located between the pump and motor.

MOTOR

2 HP 115/230V TEFC Totally enclosed fan cooled motor.

No preventive maintenance is required on motor assembly.

Visually inspect to ensure shroud, mounting bolts and electrical cords are secure.

Sealed bearings require no lubrication.



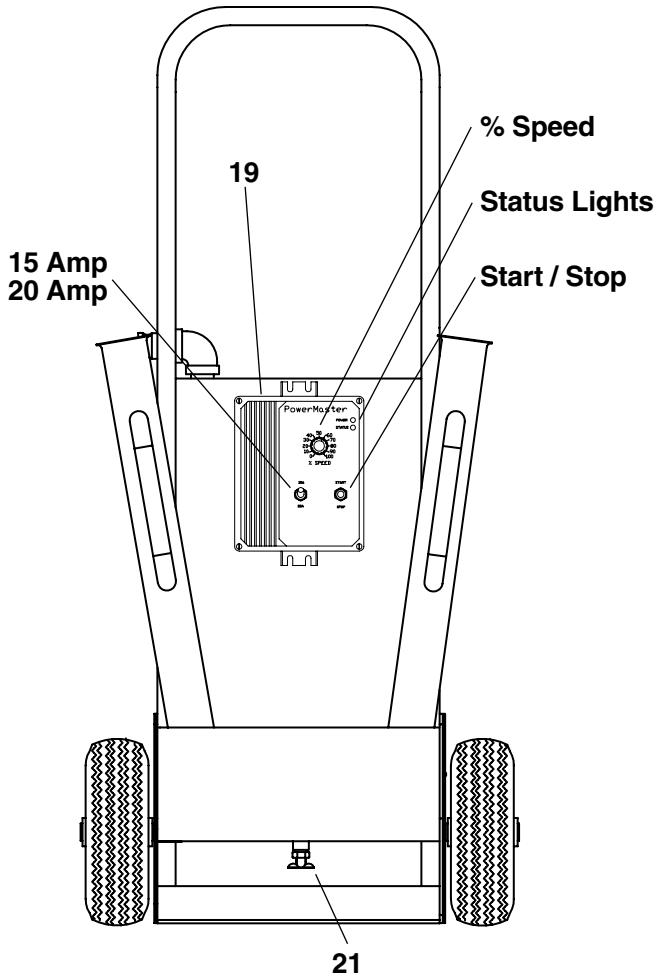
Not approved for Class I Div 2 explosion proof environment

CART

Constructed of thick wall powder coated steel tubing.
Tire inflation up to 50 PSI

Troubleshooting Matrix

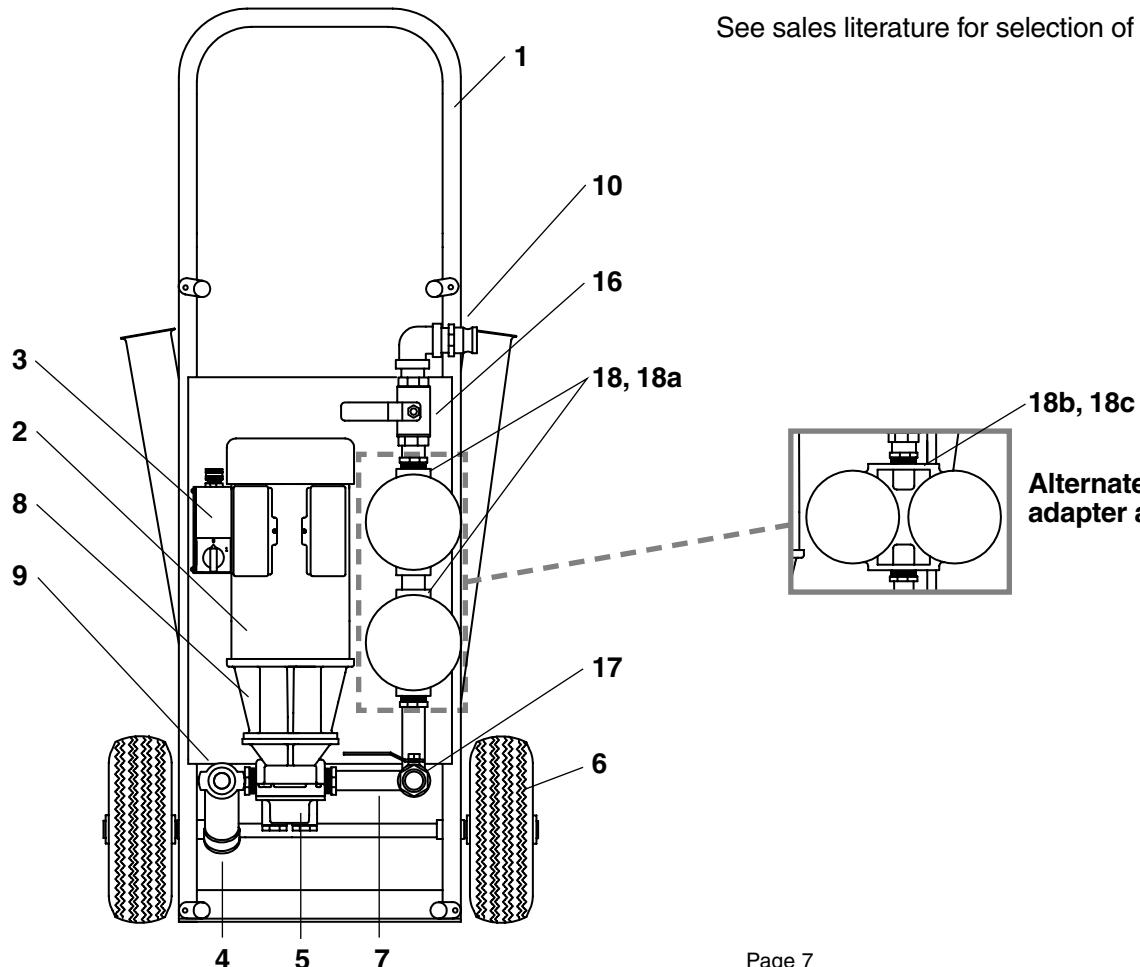
Difficulty	Probable Cause	Remedy
No Liquid Delivery	1. Closed Valves 2. Plugged suction 3. Air leak at suction 4. Bypass valve pressure set to low 5. Suction lift too high 6. Motor wired incorrectly 7. Wrong rotation	Open valves Eliminate restriction, check strainer Locate and repair leak Adjust bypass pressure Do not exceed vapor pressure of liquid Check wiring diagram Correct rotation
Low Liquid Delivery	1. Pump shaft speed incorrect 2. Discharge pressure too high 3. Bypass valve pressure set to low 4. Air leak at suction 5. Worn or damaged pump 6. High viscosity	Check driver speed, motor speed Reduce downstream pressure Adjust bypass pressure Locate and repair leak Inspect and repair as required Verify original application conditions
Gradually Loses Prime	1. Suction lift too high 2. Air or gas in fluid 3. Air leak at suction 4. Worn or damaged pump	Improve suction pressure Eliminate air or gas from fluid Locate and repair leak Inspect and repair as required
Noisy	1. Cavitating 2. Solid particles in fluid 3. Air or gas in fluid 4. Worn or damaged pump	Improve system suction pressure, provide adequate NPSH (net positive suction head) Clean suction strainer Eliminate air or gas from fluid Inspect and repair as required
Motor Runs Hot or Overloads	1. Discharge pressure too high 2. Shaft speed too fast 3. Fluid viscosity higher than expected 4. Incorrectly wired motor 5. Binding internal pump parts 6. Motors normally feel hot	Reduce downstream pressure. Check relief valve setting. Be sure discharge pressure gauges function correctly Reduce speed Raise fluid temperature Check wiring diagram Inspect and correct condition Verify if actual motor amperage draw is correct
Seal Leaks	1. Dry running 2. Solids in fluids 3. Damaged during field replacement	Open valves. Prime pump. Add suction strainer Inspect and replace damaged components



Spare Parts Items

1. P/N 901102	Cart Frame, Powder Coated
2. P/N 905001	2 HP, Dual Voltage TEFC Motor
3. P/N 905002	Rotary ON/OFF Switch
4. P/N 900325-01	30 Mesh Strainer, Complete
5. P/N 901126	Pump, Bronze 20 GPM
6. P/N 901007	Pneumatic Wheel, 10" (1 ea.)
7. P/N 540060	External Bypass Valve
8. P/N 901132	Spider Coupler, rubber (inside housing)
9. P/N 900333	Camlock Coupler, Female
10. P/N 900332-M	Camlock Coupler, Male
11. P/N 950083	Suction Stinger, 1" x 37"
12. P/N 900279	Suction Hose 1" x 10', PVC
13. P/N 905006-25	Power Cord, 12/3 x 25' w/molded plug
14. P/N 900278	Discharge Hose, 1" x 20', PVC
15. P/N 900297	1" Nozzle/Valve, Polypropylene
16. P/N 900288	1" Filter Discharge Valve
17. P/N 900288	1" Transfer Valve
18. P/N 71140	Inline Filter adapter w/ 50 PSI bypass
18a. P/N 71140-N	Inline Filter adapter w/o bypass
18b. P/N 71146	Parallel Filter adapter w/ 50 PSI bypass
18c. P/N 71146-N	Parallel Filter adapter w/o bypass
19. P/N 905020	PowerMaster
20. P/N 905021	2 HP, 230/480 TEFC Motor
21. P/N 900188	3/8" Drain Cock

See sales literature for selection of filter elements.



Alternate parallel filter adapter available.



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